Attacking DBSCAN for Fun and Profit

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App Plagiarism



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Miscreants copy apps to siphon ad revenue

• Gibler et al. (MobiSys'13) estimate losses of 14%

AnDarwin (Crussell et al., ESORICS'14):

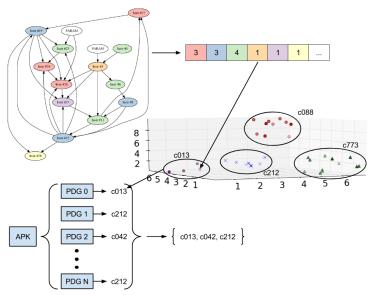
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- Designed to be robust to attacks against data representation
- *Not* designed to be robust to attacks against data analysis



Thinking like an Adversary

What goals might an adversary have?

- Avoid being clustered with similar apps
- Favorably alter clustering structure
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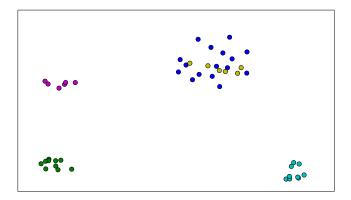
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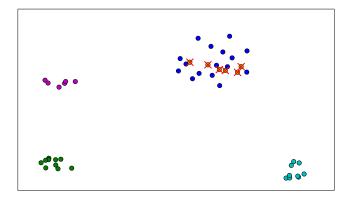
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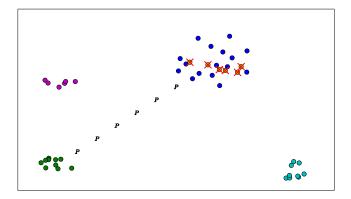
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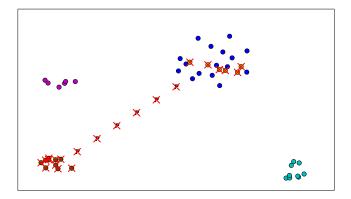
Confidence Attack

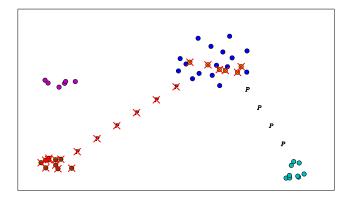
· Inject new points into dataset to poison the clustering

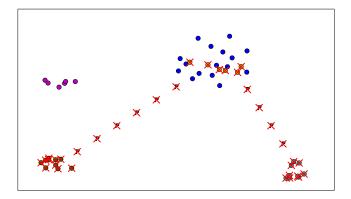


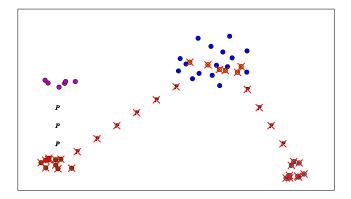


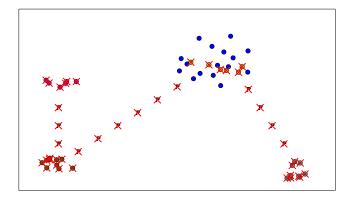






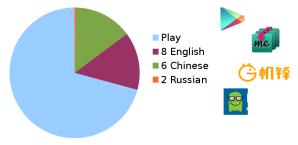






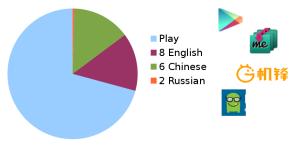
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Semantic Gap (Jana and Shmatikov, IEEE S&P'12)

• Program analysis vs program execution

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- 3. Goto 1 until all desired merges completed

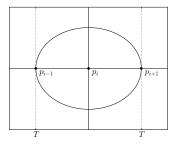
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Generate points exactly *T*-width apart:



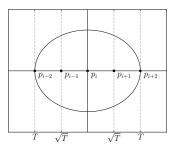
DBSCAN (Ester et al., KDD'96):

- Core point has >= *MinPts* neighbors in *T*-neighborhood
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Generate points to match *MinPts*:



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Depends on adversary goals (and, perhaps, budget)

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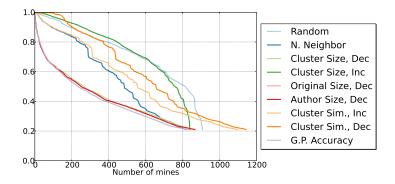
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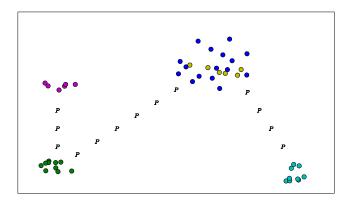
Dataset: 273 randomly selected clusters (1,394 apps total)

Increasing T and MinPts may cause us to miss plagiarizing apps

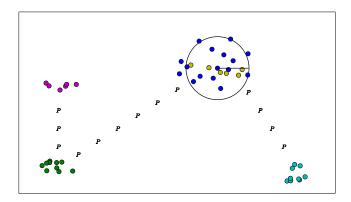
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Instead, can we detect and remove data mines?

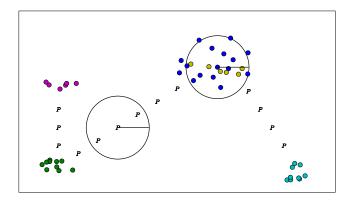
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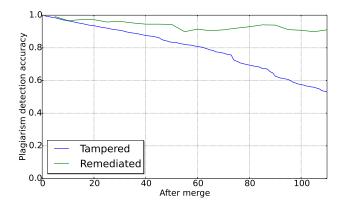
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Remediation Results



Conclusion

Contributions:

- Methodology for selecting and then merging arbitrary clusters
- Evaluate effectiveness in a real-world scenario
- Show DBSCAN's vulnerability to the chaining phenomenon
- Propose and evaluate outlier-based remediation

Questions/Comments?

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As a function of *T* and *MinPts*:

$$UBAC(T, MinPts) = \frac{1 + \frac{MinPts - 1}{2}\sqrt{T}}{1 - \frac{MinPts - 1}{2}\sqrt{T}} - 1$$